DNA Preparation from Adherent Cells

Section of Cancer Genomics, Genetics Branch, NCI National Institutes of Health

Reagents

Chloroform

Mallinckrodt, cat. 4440

EDTA, 0.5 M

Ethanol, 100%

Ethanol, 70%

Isoamyl Alcohol

Sigma, cat. I-3643

Phenol

Gibco BRL, Cat. 15513-039

Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS), 10X and 1X

Gibco BRL, Cat. 10010-023

Proteinase K

Gibco BRL, Cat. 24568-2

Sodium acetate, 3 M, pH 5.2

Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 10%

Tris-HCl, 1 M, pH 8.0

TAE buffer (Tris acetate/disodium EDTA), 1X

Bio Whittaker, Cat. 16-011V

Trypsin

Gibco BRL, Cat. 25200-056

Distilled Water

Gibco BRL, Cat. 15230-170

Preparation

DNA buffer

1M Tris-HCl, 1 M, pH 8.0 100 ml 0.5 M EDTA 100 ml dH₂O water 300 ml

Chloroform/Isoamyl alcohol 24:1

Chloroform 24 ml Isoamyl alcohol 1 ml

Procedure

- 1. Use trypsin or cell scraper to remove cells from tissue culture flask (T-75). Centrifuge cultured cells for 10 min at 10°C (1200 rpm). Remove supernatant and re-suspend cell pellet in 1X PBS and wash twice with 10 ml 1X PBS, centrifuging between washes.
- 2. Resuspend pellet in 10 ml DNA buffer. Centrifuge cells for 10 min at 10 °C (1200 rpm). Remove supernatant.
- 3. Add 3 ml DNA-buffer, re-suspend the pellet, add 125 ml Proteinase K (10 mg/ml) and 400 ml 10% SDS; shake gently and incubate overnight at 45°C.
- 4. Add 3.6 ml of phenol, shake by hand for 10 minutes (RT); centrifuge for 10 min at 10°C (3000 rpm).
- 5. Transfer the supernatant into a new tube (15 ml); measure the volume. Add 1.8 ml phenol and 1.8 ml chloroform/isoamylalcohol (24:1) or a total amount equal to the volume of the supernatant. Shake by hand for 10 min (RT); centrifuge for 10 min at 10°C (3000 rpm).
- 6. Transfer the supernatant into a new tube (15 ml); measure the volume. Add 3.6 ml chloroform/isoamylalcohol (24:1) or an amount equal to the volume of the supernatant. Shake by hand for10 min (RT); centrifuge for 10 min at 10°C (3000 rpm).
- 7. Transfer the supernatant into new tube, measure the volume. Add 1/10 volume 3 M sodium acetate (pH 5.2) and 3 x the volume 100% isopropanol (2-propanol); shake gently until the DNA is precipitated.
- 8. Use a sterile glass pipette to transfer the precipitated DNA into a tube with 30 ml of 70% ethanol tube. Place on inverting rack and invert for 2 hr to thoroughly rinse. Transfer DNA into a sterile eppendorf tube.
- 9. Centrifuge for 20 min at 14,000 rpm. Dry pellet in a SpeedVac for 5 min. Dissolve the DNA in 300-500 μl sterile water and place in an eppendorf thermomixer shaker overnight at 37°C.
- 10. Measure the DNA concentration and run 1-5 μl (approximately 200 ng) for gel electrophoresis on agarose gel (1%) in 1X TAE buffer.